

West Midlands

Birmingham Area

Birmingham

(C.06.1742/2008)

SP05108830

Parish: Birmingham

Postal Code: B18 5SQ

FORMER SOHO GLASSWORKS, LODGE ROAD, WINSON GREEN***Former Soho Glassworks, Lodge Road, Winson Green, Birmingham, West Midlands.
Historic Building Record and Archaeological Evaluation***

Tyler, R & Mitchell, W Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: 1753 2008, 130pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

A programme of historic building recording and archaeological evaluation was carried out at the site of the former Soho Glassworks at Lodge Road. The Soho Glassworks were established in 1805 on land owned by Samuel Shakespear and was, during its lifetime, associated with some of the principal names of the Birmingham glass industry. Its glasshouse, erected adjacent to the Soho Branch Canal, was the second canal side glasshouse built on Birmingham Heath. Originally in the hands of Shakespear, Johnson and Berry the works were sold in 1850 to John Walsh, who was to become one of the most prominent glass manufactures of his day, and the factory continued for many years to produce a wide range of high quality glassware. A second glasshouse was erected to the east in c. 1866. The site of the glassworks was taken over in 1952 by the Ford Motor Company who undertook a radical reordering, a process that involved the demolition of a large part of the glassworks era buildings. The building stock of the factory premises as recorded has been shown to date principally to the later years of the occupation of the site, mainly to the period between the 1930s and the 1950s, though elements of a number of earlier, pre-1930s structures survived. No element of the 19th century glassworks complex was identified as surviving above ground. Throughout, the architecture was essentially utilitarian in nature and was of no inherent merit, the single exception being the main 1950s office range fronting onto Lodge Road to the south. This structure, as built, was of some architectural pretension with extensive use being made of glass-block walling. Below-ground survival of a series of tunnels associated with the remains of the earliest glass cone [c. 1805] and a later glass-house [c. 1860-1870] were located beneath the remains of the present factory buildings. At least three phases of tunnels were revealed. The earliest were associated with the original works of 1805. A second phase was associated with the addition of the glass house and a third phase related to alterations during the early part of the 20th century. The excavation of series of five evaluation trenches revealed a series of structures related to the period of manufacturing beginning in the early 19th century. Trench 1 provided limited evidence of human intervention apart from the insertion of a modern drainage pipe. Trenches 2 to 5 revealed structural and residual evidence of the 19th century glassworks buildings including the main areas of manufacturing [glass cone] and the workshop areas around the periphery. The truncated foundations of the circular glass cone, along with the remains of a building extension attached to its exterior were exposed in Trench 2. The identified remains were likely to represent two phases of construction from this early-19th century period. A series of brick floor surfaces constructed over the early-19th to 20th century periods, were exposed in Trenches 3 and 4. These represented the remains of workshop buildings likely to have housed the glass finishing processes. Further structural evidence, of 19th to 20th century origin, were identified within Trench 5. A range of process residues and construction materials relating to the period of the glassworks were identified in Trenches 3 and 4. These could be grouped into the discarded remains of the glass products, broken lumps of raw glass, sieges and furnace bricks. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID: birmingh2-45807

(C.06.1743/2008)

SP07279130

Parish:

Postal Code: B42 2TP

LAND OFF WELLHEAD LANE, PERRY BARR***Land off Wellhead Lane, Perry Barr, Birmingham. Archaeological Evaluation***

Paul, S & Colls, K Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: PN1773 2008, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An evaluation was undertaken at a site considered to have a high archaeological potential, located on land accessed by Wellhead Lane. Along the eastern part of the site, the projected route of Icknield Street, a Roman Road known to run through Birmingham, may have bisected the area. Icknield Street ran from the Roman town of Wall to the north of Birmingham, through Sutton Park where it was still an upstanding monument, through Birmingham where later development had largely obscured the route, and further south towards the Roman Fort in Edgbaston and then to the Roman town of Alcester. A total of seven trial trenches were excavated across the area of the site, essentially in order to assess the archaeological potential of the site. Two of the trenches were positioned across the proposed route of the Roman Road, with a further five excavated across the site in order to locate any associated Roman occupation and to investigate the possible continuation of post-medieval features found to the east of the site in 1999. A ditch was located in two of the trenches, aligned north-east to south-west, at the putative location of the road. This feature could not be dated and if a twin of this ditch existed at any point on the site it is probable that it had been subsequently truncated by modern service trenches. There was no sign of any built road surface associated with the ditch. A further ditch was encountered close to the eastern limit of the site that corresponded to the line of a field boundary illustrated on some of the earliest detailed maps of the area. The feature appeared to have silted up through natural processes and no finds were recovered. This feature was sealed by 1.8m of modern debris, especially broken glass bottles, dating to the mid-20th century. This material most probably represented a levelling deposit brought in to level the site prior to the existing sports facilities. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD

OASIS ID: birmingh2-45260

(C.06.1744/2008)

SP06318687

Parish:

Postal Code: B1 2EP

NEW LIBRARY, CAMBRIDGE STREET***New Library Site, Cambridge Street, Birmingham, Archaeological Evaluation***

Ramsey, E Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: 1788 2008, 42pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The evaluation comprised four trenches, which were located over potential archaeological structures and deposits identified from cartographic evidence, and to avoid known services. A previous desk-based assessment proved that the site was formerly within the vicinity of John Baskerville's house in the 18th century, and was the later location of the Union Brassworks in the early 19th century, and Winfields Brass Works, one of the largest brassworks in Birmingham during the mid to late-19th century. The archaeological evaluation demonstrated good survival of below ground archaeological deposits relating to the former brassworks and the canal basin constructed to serve the works. The results both correlated with known cartographic evidence, and also provided additional detailed information regarding specific rooms and structures within the works. Archaeological structures and deposits were found in all of the trenches. The principle dated structures and deposits were the canal and associated towpaths and infrastructure. Industrial structures including walls, a chimney, machine bases and floor surfaces associated with the Rolling Mills and subsequent brass and iron works.

These features were multiphase, though all were of a post-medieval date from 19th century to early 20th century. The archaeological structures and deposits identified correlated well with the historic maps and plans, and supplemented this information with detail regarding internal structures and functions within the buildings. The dating of the structures was problematic, as no artefactual dating evidence was recovered from stratigraphic contexts within the site. Architectural detail, in particular brick type and form and stratigraphic relationships were used to phase the site. The phasing of the site is therefore roughly early to mid-19th century, mid to late-19th century, and late-19th to early 20th century. It should be noted, however, that these were provisional dates only. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: birmingh2-49914

(C.06.1745/2008)

SP06318687

Parish:

Postal Code: B1 2

**OASIS DATABASE: NEW LIBRARY SITE, CAMBRIDGE STREET, BIRMINGHAM:
AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION**

New Library Site, Cambridge Street, Birmingham: An Archaeological Evaluation

Ramsey, E Birmingham University : Birmingham Archaeology, 2008, Birmingham
Archaeology Report No 1788

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

"An archaeological evaluation at Cambridge Street, Birmingham was commissioned by Capita Symonds on behalf of Birmingham City Council. The work was undertaken by Birmingham Archaeology in May 2008. The evaluation comprised four trenches, which were located over potential archaeological structures and deposits identified from cartographic evidence, and to avoid known services. The work was required as part of an assessment of the impact of the proposed development of the new Library on below-ground archaeological remains, in order to determine the necessity for further archaeological mitigation in advance of the commencement of the development. A previous desk-based assessment showed that the site was formerly within the vicinity of John Baskerville's house in the 18th century, and was the later location of the Union Brassworks in the early-19th century, and Winfields Brass Works, one of the largest brassworks in Birmingham during the mid to late-19th century. The archaeological evaluation demonstrated good survival of below-ground archaeological deposits relating to the former brassworks and the canal basin constructed to serve the works. The results both correlate with known cartographic evidence, and also provide additional detailed information regarding specific rooms and structures within the works."
[OASIS]

OASIS ID: birmingh2-49842

(C.06.1746/2008)

SP04098354

Parish:

Postal Code: B15 2QZ

QUEEN ELIZABETH PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITAL, VINCENT DRIVE, EDGBASTON
*Queen Elizabeth Psychiatric Hospital, Vincent Drive, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
Archaeological Evaluation*

Charles, M Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: 1765 2008, 22pp, colour pls,
figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Two evaluation trenches were sited to assess possible locations of palaeochannels and prehistoric burnt mounds that had been exposed in the immediate vicinity to the east in 1989. The evaluation found no evidence of palaeochannels, burnt mounds or other archaeological deposits. The stratigraphy was consistent with undisturbed subsoil and buried topsoil

subsequently built up during the late-1980s landscaping during the construction of the Queen Elizabeth Psychiatric Hospital buildings. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: birmingh2-45916

(C.06.1747/2008)

SP07688698

Parish: Castle Bromwich

Postal Code: B5 5LQ

PROPOSED BCU EASTSIDE CAMPUS, BANBURY STREET, BIRMINGHAM
Proposed BCU Eastside Campus, Banbury Street, Birmingham. Archaeological Evaluation

Birmingham Archaeology

Mann, P Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, 2008, 33pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The evaluation found several pit and gully features, which environmental remains dated to between 7000-3000 years BP, although no cultural remains were recovered. The site had suffered severe post-medieval and modern truncation, including brick-built wall foundations and cellars. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 1789

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO, PR

OASIS ID: no

(C.06.1748/2008)

SP16699218

Parish: Curdworth

Postal Code: B76 9DJ

TREE PLANTING AREA, SEWAGE TREATMENT WORKS, MINWORTH
Tree planting Area, Sewage Treatment Works, Minworth, Birmingham. Archaeological Evaluation

Mitchell, W Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, 2008, 48pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Five evaluation trenches were excavated at strategic positions across the site. The same general pattern of deposition was encountered across the five trenches. Archaeological features were found in three of the five trenches. All but one of the features identified were undated. Trenches excavated within the northern part of the site provided evidence of the geological formation of this elevated part of site, but revealed no evidence of cultural activity. One trench, provided evidence of agricultural activity in the form of a single shallow plough furrow which ran down-slope, providing evidence that ploughing activity was influenced by the contour of the land. Evidence of the field management and agricultural use of the site was identified, in the southern part of the site, in the form of several linear ditches. These ditches would probably have functioned as agricultural plot or field boundaries and would have provided site drainage and irrigation. The majority of the features were undated, however, one ditch provided evidence of an 18th-19th century construction. Another wide ditch corresponded with the location of the watercourse depicted on the Ordnance Survey map of 1882-9. No significant archaeological features or deposits were recorded during the evaluation and no further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: birmingh2-48384

(C.06.1749/2008)

SP10608041

Parish: Wythall

Postal Code: B28 0NS

LAND AT NOS. 22-26 KEDLESTONE ROAD, HALL GREEN, BIRMINGHAM***Land at Nos. 22-26 Kedlestone Road, Hall Green, Birmingham. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment and Field Evaluation***

Cherrington, R & Cook, M Erdington : Benchmark Archaeology, 2008, 52pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Benchmark Archaeology

A desk-based assessment prior to development of the site showed that the site was not rich in archaeological records. The evaluation revealed evidence for a probable former hedgeline, as well as a possible 19th century ditch. No evidence for the Baldwyn moated site that was thought to exist was found. Medieval pottery was recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID: no

Coventry

(C.06.1750/2008)

SP33627892

Postal Code: CV1 5RR

LAND TO THE REAR OF DRAPERS HALL, COVENTRY***Land to the Rear of Draper's Hall, Coventry. Archaeological Evaluation***

Burrows, B & Colls, K Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: PN1767 2008, 40pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The evaluation successfully highlighted the survival of a substantial sandstone building apparently dating to the 14th century. Part of the eastern and southern walls of the structure were uncovered although the depth of the sandstone foundations meant that it was not possible to reach the base of the walls due to health and safety considerations. The sandstone walls measured approximately one metre in width and represented the earliest archaeological remains unearthed, they were abutted by a number of later brick walls extending to the east and south which were probably indicative of cellaring activity in the post-medieval period. Interestingly the lower courses of the sandstone walls appeared to bow out and one of the brick "cellar" walls slumped markedly to the south, perhaps suggesting that the structures were built on unstable ground, possibly indicating the presence of a deep ditch. Environmental samples which were taken towards the southern edge of the evaluation area appeared to confirm the presence of an organic deposit perhaps supporting the theory of a moat. A dome shaped brick built structure situated towards the northern edge of the area of excavation which had truncated the upper course of one of the sandstone walls, may have suggested a capped well or a water tank, probably dating to the 19th century. Without doubt the most important element of the finds assemblage was the group of fragmented 18th century clay pipes. With pipes of this date being sparse within the archaeological record, this group formed an important dataset that is significant both on a regional and national context. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, MO

OASIS ID: birmingh2-45284

(C.06.1751/2008)

SP36348081

Parish: Ansty

Postal Code: CV2 3JW

LYNG HALL SCHOOL, BLACKBERRY LANE, COVENTRY

Archaeological Evaluation at Lyng Hall School Blackberry Lane, Coventry: February 2008

McAree, D Northampton : Northamptonshire Archaeology, Report: 08/105 2008, 29pp, pls, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

Sixteen evaluation trenches were excavated. The site had been extensively terraced for the construction of school buildings and sports facilities. Occasional traces of World War Two military occupation were noted. No other substantive archaeological remains were present. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: northamp3-55635

(C.06.1752/2008)

SP35738285

Parish: Coventry

Postal Code: CV6 7LU

LAND AT THE FORMER GREEN MAN PUBLIC HOUSE SITE, HALL GREEN, COVENTRY

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at the former Green Man Public House Site, Hall Green, Coventry

Jarvis, W Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, Report: 2008-139 2008, 33pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

The evaluation revealed a series of features of late post-medieval and modern date, together with an undated north-south ditch running from the northern frontage. Additionally, occasional residual pottery finds of late medieval and post-medieval date were made. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO, UD, MD

OASIS ID: universi1-58912

(C.06.1753/2008)

SP33637890

Parish:

Postal Code: CV1 5

OASIS DATABASE: AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION OF LAND TO THE REAR OF THE DRAPER'S HALL, COVENTRY, 2008

Land at the rear of the Draper's Hall, St. Mary's Street, Coventry. An Archaeological Evaluation, 2008

Colls, K. and Burrows, B. University of Birmingham : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: PN 1767 2008,

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

"In 2008 Birmingham Archaeology were commissioned by Coventry City Council to undertake an archaeological evaluation of land to the rear of the Draper's Hall, Coventry. The work took place prior to the refurbishment of Draper's Hall." [OASIS]

OASIS ID: birmingh2-50300

Sandwell

(C.06.1754/2008)

SO98609540

Parish: Essington

Postal Code: WS109ED

ST. MARY'S ROAD, WEDNESBURY***Archaeological Evaluation at St. Mary's Road, Wednesbury***

Wallis, A Coalbrookdale : Ironbridge Archaeology, Report: 300 2008, 41pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Ironbridge Archaeology

The area was archaeologically sensitive and had long been thought to be the site of a hill fort. The excavation revealed the substantial remains of a large ditch, which appeared to be running around the contour of church hill. The fill of the ditch contained early medieval pottery, and the ditch was consequently interpreted as part of a possible hill-top enclosure. This could be the presumed Saxon 'Woden's Burgh' and may have earlier origins as an Iron Age hillfort. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM

OASIS ID: no

(C.06.1755/2008)

SO98808940

Parish: Oldbury

Postal Code: B69 4JW

SAINSBURY'S SAVACENTRE, OLDBURY, WARLEY***Sainsbury's Savacentre, Oldbury, Warley, West Midlands Petrol Filling Station Alterations. Archaeological Evaluation***

Glover, G Lincoln : Lindsey Archaeological Services, Report: 1050 2008, 54pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Lindsey Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation encountered remains dating to the 18th century or later. Walls and floor surfaces relating to at least two buildings were encountered, which likely represented terraced houses visible on historic maps. No evidence was found for archaeological remains predating this period. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: lindseya1-41934

(C.06.1756/2008)

SP02218724

Parish: Warley

Postal Code: B66 4HU

LAND AT JUNCTION OF VINCE STREET, DAWSON STREET AND BEARWOOD ROAD, SMETHWICK***Land at Junction of Vince Street, Dawson Street and Bearwood Road, Smethwick. Archaeological Evaluation***

Craddock-Bennett, L Hereford : Archaeological Investigations Ltd., Report: 1271 / 799 2008, 37pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

There was no evidence to suggest that any deposits excavated during the evaluation predated the 19th century. Over the majority of the site, a demolition layer relating to the clearing of 19th and 20th century housing in the early 21st century was noted. This lay directly above the deposits. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: archaeolo8-48737

(C.06.1757/2008)

SO98009500

Parish: Wednesbury

Postal Code: WS10 9DQ

12 LONGMERE STREET, WEDNESBURY***Archaeological Evaluation at 12 Longmere Street, Wednesbury***

Watson, S Coalbrookdale : Ironbridge Archaeology, Report: 217 2008, 34pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Ironbridge Archaeology

An evaluation revealed two cellars of 19th century date, believed to have been associated with a row of terraced houses which fronted St. Bartholomew's Terrace. The cartographic evidence of the site appeared to fit closely with the archaeological remains encountered during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: no

(C.06.1758/2008)

SP04109310

Parish: West Bromwich

Postal Code: B43 5ER

LAND AT HOLMES CLOSE, HAMSTEAD, GREAT BARR***Land at Holmes Close, Hamstead, Great Barr: An Archaeological Evaluation***

Charles, M Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: 1774 2008, 48pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The evaluation took place in advance of a proposed residential development and aimed to locate archaeological evidence of the origin and development of Great Barr from the medieval period to the present day. More specifically the aim was to locate the site of Hamstead House which was visible on 19th century maps. The trial trenching uncovered evidence of brick foundations. It was not possible to confirm whether these were associated with Hamstead House due to the location of live services within the trench concerned. However, the foundations were overlain by a brick demolition layer that may have been associated with the destruction of a structure dating to the late-18th or 19th centuries. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: birmingh2-45302

(C.06.1759/2008)

SP00509425

Parish:

Postal Code: B71 2DX

LAND TO THE REAR OF 168 HALL GREEN ROAD, WEST BROMWICH***Land to the Rear of 168 Hall Green Road, West Bromwich. Archaeological Evaluation***

Crooks, K Hereford : Archaeological Investigations Ltd., Report: 785 2008, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

The site was close to the Grade I Listed Building of West Bromwich Old Hall. Two trenches, were excavated within the footprint of the proposed building. No finds or features of archaeological significance were discovered during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

Solihull

(C.06.1760/2008)

SP18397667

Parish: Balsall

Postal Code: B93 0HZ

35 KENILWORTH ROAD, KNOWLE***An Archaeological Evaluation at 35 Kenilworth Road, Knowle, Solihull***

Gethin, B & Jones, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0901 2009, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

The evaluation revealed a post-medieval boundary ditch, backfilled in the late-18th century, that contained fragments of pottery, glass and roof tile. No remains associated with the medieval settlement of Knowle were found. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: no

(C.06.1761/2008)

SP22958015

Parish: Berkswell

Postal Code: CV7 7QY

LAND AT PARK FARM, BERKSWELL***Land at Park Farm, Berkswell, Solihull: Archaeological Evaluation of the Proposed Park Farm Pond***

Hart, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, Report: 08209 2008, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Eleven trenches were excavated within the footprint of the proposed Park Farm pond. The results of the evaluation were similar to those of a previous evaluation to the immediate west. A low density of ditches were identified across the site, they were similar to those identified during the previous evaluation and conformed to the alignments, but not the locations, of field boundaries depicted on the Tithe Map of 1841. Since none of the ditches identified during the evaluation corresponded with the location of boundaries depicted on the historic mapping, it was likely that they were slighted before 1841, and evidence for such an event was present within Trench 101. Two pits identified within the northern part of the site remained undated and of undetermined function. It was possible that they represented tree throw pits, although their regular edges were more suggestive of them having an anthropogenic origin. Tree throw pits were present across much of the site. A possible alignment of these in Trench 104 might have represented a former boundary. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: cotswold2-50852

Herefordshire

County of Herefordshire

(C.60.1762/2008)

SO31916896

Parish: Brampton Bryan

Postal Code: LD8 2ND

REEVES HILL WINDFARM, KNIGHTON***Reeves Hill Windfarm, Knighton. Archaeological Evaluation***

Smith, C Llanidloes : Cambrian Archaeological Projects Ltd., Report: 529 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cambrian Archaeological Projects Ltd.

A total of four evaluation trenches were excavated. No finds or features were noted. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 18018

OASIS ID: no

(C.60.1763/2008)

SO51424043

Parish: Hereford

Postal Code: HR1 1AA

LAND OFF CANAL ROAD (BLACKFRIARS)***Land off Canal Road [Blackfriars] Hereford, Archaeological Evaluation and Assessment of Ground Conditions***

Craddock-Bennet, L & Doyle, D Hereford : Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2008, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

Borehole cores were taken on 23rd and 24th January 2008, and pressure plate test pits were excavated on 30th and 31st January 2008. Pottery and tile were recovered from core samples, and were from a broadly similar date range. It was likely that they were from debris associated with demolition of priory buildings in the mid-16th century. The trenches for the pressure plate bearing tests revealed no archaeology in the top 0.50cm, this was confirmed by the bore hole cores. The cores proved that an archaeological layer was present at approx. 0.80m which corresponded with findings from previous excavations. The small quantity of artefacts recovered indicated that the archaeology on the site was of a medieval date and was likely to be associated with the Blackfriars priory. Small sherds of Hertfordshire fabrics suggested that occupation predating the priory was present on or near the site. Excavations were not carried out on a large enough scale to give a more in depth insight into the site history, but in general did conform with earlier deposit models. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: SM 13610, SMR 45163

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID: archaeol8-55032

(C.60.1765/2008)

SO71053769

Parish: Ledbury

Postal Code: HR8 1DZ

ST. KATHERINES PRECINT, LEDBURY***St. Katherines Precinct, Ledbury, Herefordshire***

Miller, D & Potten, S Worcester : Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, Report: 1630 2008, 20pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service

The trench exposed significant remains of medieval date. The most significant was a wall made of local stone rubble faced with lias. The wall suggested a substantial stone building the same axis and scale as a 13th/14th century hall and chapel to the east. A few sherds of pottery were found in earlier and later contexts. These suggested that the building was built in the 13th century and demolished in the late-16th or 17th century. It certainly formed part of the medieval hospital of St. Katherine, and may have been another hall or range of chambers. Other remains included a line of post holes that seemed to indicate a timber scaffold. The medieval remains were buried beneath post-medieval and modern made ground. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 18104

OASIS ID: no

(C.60.1766/2008)

SO40427460

Parish: Leintwardine

Postal Code: SY7 0LQ

DARK LANE, LEINTWARDINE

Dark Lane, Leintwardine, Herefordshire: Archaeological Evaluation

Arnold, G Fownhope : Archenfield Archaeology, Report: 200 2008, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archenfield Archaeology

The Roman settlement at Leintwardine (Branogenio) was believed to have originated as a vicus attached to a fort at Jay Lane, itself built in about 70 AD. The site lay immediately north of modern (and Roman) Leintwardine, on a Roman road which ultimately connected Chester with Caerleon. A magnetometer and topographic survey identified anomalies, which may have had an archaeological origin (pits, fires, etc). A feature found by trial trenching, which was not identified by the geophysical survey, was a keyhole-shaped hearth or oven feature. This was radiocarbon dated to Cal AD 10 to 120 (intercept date of 60 AD) and evidence from the environmental samples suggested that it was used for industrial rather than domestic purposes. The date was extremely early for activity associated with Branogenio and indeed the earlier part of the range predated Roman occupation of this area. It was likely that significant archaeology survived on the site, and had the potential to radically alter the perception of the origins of Leintwardine. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 45164

Archaeological periods represented: IA

OASIS ID: archenfi2-36564

(C.60.1767/2008)

SO49515920

Parish: Leominster

Postal Code: HR6 8DP

ABBEY FUNERAL SERVICES. NOS. 2-4 NEW STREET, LEOMINSTER

Archaeological Evaluation: Abbey Funeral Services. Nos. 2-4 New Street, Leominster, Herefordshire

Logan, W Leominster : Border Archaeology, 2008, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Border Archaeology

The excavation of three evaluation trenches revealed features and finds related to the post-medieval occupation of the site. A large amount of brick and stone rubble from the demolition of late post-medieval buildings was observed. Much of the site appeared to have been built up with imported or redeposited material, partially removing or truncating underlying deposits in places. Underlying these deposits was an accumulation of late post-medieval occupation/garden soils across the entire site. A number of 17th-18th century features and deposits were uncovered below this layer, including a stone-lined pit and a substantial deposit of cattle horn cores. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 48667

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: no

(C.60.1768/2008)

SO4750042140

Parish:

Postal Code: HR4 7

OASIS DATABASE: PROPOSED NEW CATTLE MARKET, HEREFORD

Proposed New Livestock Market Hereford. Archaeological Evaluation

Craddock-Bennett, L. Hereford : Archaeological Investigations Ltd., Report: HAS 767 2008, A4 Clear bound report.

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

"Archaeological Investigations Ltd. was commissioned to carry out an archaeological evaluation on the site of the proposed new livestock market. The site was a 21.3ha arable field adjacent to the Roman road running through the north of Hereford. Geological trial holes

were monitored, a magnetometer survey was carried out and 75 evaluation trenches were excavated. A rectilinear structure was revealed by geophysics but lay outside the development area so was not excavated. A large linear hollow was excavated and contained Bronze Age pottery. Two spreads of charcoal within the feature were dated to the Dark Ages and the Bronze Age." [OASIS]

OASIS ID: archaeol8-46606

(C.60.1769/2008)

SO3650467244

Parish: LINGEN

Postal Code: SY7 0DY

OASIS DATABASE: THE FORGE, LINGEN

Archaeological Evaluation at land adjacent The Forge, Lingen, Herefordshire

Priestley, S / Children, G Leominster : Border Archaeology, Report: BA0706PBTFL
2007, A4 ring bound report

Work undertaken by: Border Archaeology

"The evaluation carried out on the development plot adjacent to The Forge at Lingen, located immediately west of the earthworks of a medieval motte and bailey castle, revealed a series of features relating to late post-medieval / modern landscaping activity, consisting of stake-holes and postholes and holes dug for the planting of trees and shrubs. Within Trench 1, a moderate amount of building material (including brick, tile and concrete) was identified relating to the demolition and contemporary deposition of an outhouse or pigsty of 20th century date. Finds were restricted to a very small quantity of late 19th/20th century china and blue and white transfer ware recovered from the topsoil and the demolition material in Trench 1. No deposits, finds or features of archaeological significance were found during the course of the evaluation." [OASIS]

OASIS ID: borderar1-41588

Leicestershire

Harborough

(C.31.1770/2008)

SP53158100

Parish: Cotesbach

Postal Code: LE176BT

SHAWELL QUARRY EXTENSION

An Archaeological Evaluation at Shawell Quarry Extension, Shawell, Leicestershire

Harvey, J R Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, Report: 2008-140
2008, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

The evaluation revealed two sets of ridge and furrow. No significant deposits or artefacts were recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID: no

Hinckley and Bosworth

(C.31.1771/2008)

SP34909670

Parish: Witherley

Postal Code: CV136BQ

36 OLD FORGE ROAD, FENNY DRAYTON

An Archaeological Evaluation at 36 Old Forge Road, Fenny Drayton, Leicestershire

Speed, G Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, Report: 2008-066
2008, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

The evaluation, in advance of a residential development, recovered a number of medieval pottery sherds from the topsoil, however, no archaeological deposits were identified.
[Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID: universi1-57766

MULTI-COUNTY RECORD

Congleton, Telford and Wrekin UA

(C.50.1772/2008)

SJ85405770, SJ72502450

Parish: Chetwynd, Odd Rode

Postal Code: TF108AJ, ST7 3NU

MOW COP AND OLD MAN OF MOW COP

Rapid Walk Over Survey of Mow Cop and Old Man of Mow Cop

National Trust Swindon : National Trust, 2008, 3pp

Work undertaken by: National Trust

A rapid walkover survey was undertaken which had the intention of updating the current HBSMR record. Many boundaries, trackways, walls, mounds and quarries were recorded.
[Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENA4792

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Serial:**National Trust Events 2008**, National Trust, ,

OASIS ID: no

Shropshire

North Shropshire

(C.39.1773/2008)

SJ38923430

Parish: Ellesmere Rural

Postal Code: BT330QF

LAND ADJACENT TO ELLESMERE BUSINESS PARK, OSWESTRY ROAD, ELLESMERE

Archaeological Evaluation, Land Adjacent to Ellesmere Business Park, Oswestry Road Ellesmere, Shropshire

Logan, W & Archer, J Leominster : Border Archaeology, Report: BA0805SCCEBP 2008, 36pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Border Archaeology

An archaeological programme of work was carried out on land adjacent to Ellesmere Business Park, where aerial photography had revealed evidence of a double ditched cropmark feature of unknown date and function. The initial phase of work comprised a geophysical (magnetometry) survey, which identified a number of positive responses, suggesting the presence of cut features such as ditches and pits. These results, in conjunction with the aerial photographic evidence, were then used to assist in the locating of six evaluation trenches. Of these, Trenches 1 and 2 were positioned with respect to the cropmark feature shown on the aerial photography and revealed the remains of two ditches possibly forming part of a double ditched enclosure. Trenches 3 and 4 were located in the southern part of the site, where the geophysical survey indicated several possible

subrectilinear or curvilinear features. Trench 3 revealed part of a very large shallow ditch, while Trench 4 contained two ditches running parallel with a third, a probable post-medieval ditch, cutting across the outer one. The survey also indicated a series of pit like features aligned roughly north-west/south-east in the northern area of the site and a trench (Trench 6) was opened in this area to investigate these features. However, what appeared to be pits were in fact patches of loose sand, which probably represented natural variations in the geological composition of the site. The larger linear features revealed in the evaluation trenching appeared to be enclosure or boundary ditches and parallels may be drawn between these features and other subrectangular and rectangular enclosure sites, existing as cropmarks, which had been identified from aerial photography just across the border in Flintshire and which may be of late prehistoric date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM
OASIS ID: borderar1-40825

Shrewsbury and Atcham

(C.39.1774/2008)

SJ53250225

Parish: Acton Burnell

Postal Code: SY5 7PD

CONCORD COLLEGE, ACTON BURNELL
Concord College, Acton Burnell, Shropshire

Cherrington, R Erdington : Benchmark Archaeology, 2008, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: Benchmark Archaeology

Evaluation work established that areas to the east and south of the kitchen/dining hall proposed for development had been subject to high levels of truncation. Given the wholly negative archaeological results, and the high levels of truncation, the potential for the survival of archaeological deposits within the areas of proposed development were deemed to be very low. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ESA 6255
Archaeological periods represented: PM
OASIS ID: no

(C.39.1775/2008)

SJ49600920

Parish: Bayston Hill

Postal Code: SY3 0AW

BAYSTON HILL QUARRY, SHREWSBURY
Bayston Hill Quarry, Shrewsbury. Archaeological Earthwork Survey

Hayes, L Chester : SLR, Report: 403-0088-00129 2008, 8pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: SLR Consulting Ltd.

A detailed topographic map of the line of the Roman road and a section along its length was made. The survey showed that the road followed a slight natural ridge. Topography within the road corridor comprised a slight ridge which ran along the higher ground in the western half of the survey area. The ridge extended onto a tongue of land which then descended rapidly through a depression to the eastern edge of the field. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ESA 6261
Archaeological periods represented: RO
OASIS ID: no

(C.39.1776/2008)

SJ49041258

Parish: Pimhill

Postal Code: SY1 1PY

LAND TO THE REAR OF 8 MARDOL, SHREWSBURY***Land to the Rear of 8 Mardol, [Rear of former Elephant & Castle PH], Shrewsbury***

Frost, P Pontesbury : Castlring Archaeology, Report: 305 2008, 16pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Castlring Archaeology

The evaluation showed that on the east side of the trench any medieval deposits had been obliterated by ground disturbance in post-medieval and more modern times. The bulk of the demolition material date to disturbance during construction of the Elephant and Castle public house and subsequent demolition of the structure in the 1960s period when the flat roofed function room was added. On the west side, the evaluation uncovered well-preserved medieval deposits that appeared to have had very little disturbance over the years. The results of the evaluation suggested that there was a strong possibility that undisturbed medieval deposits could be located at depths of c.400mm. The composition of the medieval deposits suggested they were part of garden areas related to burgage plots. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ESA 6262

OASIS ID: no

(C.39.1777/2008)

SJ48901270

Parish: Shrewsbury St.Chad

Postal Code: SY3 8LH

MARDOL QUAY GARDENS, SHREWSBURY***Mardol Quay Gardens, Shrewsbury, Shropshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report***

McAlley, R Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, Report: 4106 2008, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation by test pitting was carried out at Mardol Quay Gardens, Shrewsbury. The work was undertaken in advance of proposed redevelopment for a public art project to celebrate the centenary of the birth of Charles Darwin [1809-1882]. The evaluation revealed a cobbled surface close to the river, and a recently demolished brick structure closer to Smithfield Road. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

South Shropshire

(C.39.1778/2008)

SO46628764

Parish: Acton Scott

Postal Code: SY6 6RR

ALCASTON***Fieldwalking at Alcaston, Shropshire. Interim Report***

Reavill, P London : Portable Antiquities Scheme, 2009, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs
Work undertaken by: Portable Antiquities Scheme

Following fieldwalking and the gathering of finds, the crop mark identified from aerial photographs was securely dated to the Late Iron Age-Early Roman period. It was morphologically similar to other examples within the county, specifically that known at Acton Scott Villa, with the material culture collected by the fieldwalking suggesting a similar date. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ESA 6276

Archaeological periods represented: LIA

OASIS ID: no

(C.39.1779/2008)

SO57027417, SO53377627

Parish: Bitterley, Greete

Postal Code: SY8 2DX, SY8 3JN

PROPOSED PIPELINE ROUTE, STOKE SAINT MILBOROUGH**Level 2 Landscape Survey for a Proposed Pipeline Route, Stoke Saint Milborough, Shropshire**Sparrow, T Sheffield : ARCUS, Report: 1226.2(1) 2008, 37pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: ARCUS

The survey identified several area of ridge and furrow cultivation earthworks, possibly of medieval or early post-medieval date, close to Henley Hall. Earthworks relating to a shrunken medieval settlement at Snitton were also recorded. The pipeline crossed the boundary of a post-medieval deer park at Henley Hall, which survived as a substantial earthwork. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ESA 6252*Archaeological periods represented:* PM, MD

OASIS ID: no

(C.39.1780/2008)

SJ36500050

Parish: Worthen with Shelve

Postal Code: SY5 0PG

BIG WOOD AND THE ROCK, THE STIPERSTONES**An Archaeological Survey at Big Wood and the Rock, the Stiperstones, Shropshire**

Hannaford, H R & Wigley, A Shrewsbury : Shropshire County Council Archaeology Service, 2008, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Shropshire County Council Archaeology Service

A total of 32 new features, including boundary features and mining remains, were recorded in a field survey of the recently felled conifer plantation. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: EASA 6209*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

OASIS ID: no

Staffordshire

Lichfield

(C.41.1781/2008)

SK09290039

Parish: Shenstone

Postal Code: B74 3GA

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, ROMAN ROAD, LITTLE ASTON, SUTTON COLDFIELD**St. Peter's Church, Roman Road, Little Aston, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands, B74 3AS. A Programme of Archaeological Evaluation June 2008**Cherrington, R Erdington : Benchmark Archaeology, 2008, 22pp, colour pls, figs, refs, CD
Work undertaken by: Benchmark Archaeology

The archaeological evaluation fieldwork established that no significant evidence for the presence of Rykneild Street Roman road survived within the application site. Two features were sampled and recorded in Trench 1. Cut 103 comprised the remains of a possible small quarry pit similar to the "gravel pit" and "old marl pit" depicted on 19th century Ordnance Survey mapping. Cut 107 may have been the remains of feature fills and was unlikely to have remained open for any length of time. A lens of rounded pebbles within a subsoil matrix was recorded in Trench 2. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: SST4391
Archaeological periods represented: PM
OASIS ID: no

Stafford

(C.41.1782/2008)

SK00451865

Parish: Colwich

Postal Code: WS152UG

RUGELEY QUARRY, RUGELEY

Rugeley Quarry, Rugeley, Staffordshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Reynish, S Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, Report: 08234 2008, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken. Three trenches were excavated across the lines of two possible banks associated with Wolseley Park, which was created as a deer park at the end of the 15th century. The evaluation demonstrated that one of the banks survived as an earthwork, with an adjacent ditch along part of its length. The other bank did not survive as an earthwork, but was visible below the subsoil. No dating evidence was recovered during the evaluation, but the form and location of the boundaries was consistent with them having formed part of the deer park. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: cotswold2-52680

(C.41.1783/2008)

SJ83802420

Parish: Ellenhall

Postal Code: ST200JQ

RANTON ABBEY ESTATE

Ranton Abbey Estate: Staffordshire. Archaeological Investigation Report

McAlley, R Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, Report: 4200 2008, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

A field investigation was carried out at Ranton Abbey Estate. The three-trench investigation revealed make-up deposits formed during landscaping of the site in the 18th century. A single post hole was discovered during the works, though no certain structural remains of the abbey were observed. Some worked stone and medieval glazed floor tile were recovered from the trenches but had been redeposited in later landscaping layers. No in situ deposits associated with the abbey were identified in the trenches. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD, PM

OASIS ID: oxfordar1-58835

(C.41.1784/2008)

SJ90082240

Parish: Hyde Lea

Postal Code: ST161DW

STAFFORD CASTLE GOLF COURSE, NEWPORT ROAD, STAFFORD

Stafford Castle Golf Course, Newport Road, Stafford, Staffordshire: An Archaeological Evaluation

Cass, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2008, 35pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An area of late Roman occupation was identified in the north-western corner of the site, with some further, undated, activity in the northern fields. Most of the site appeared to have little or no archaeological potential. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

OASIS ID: thamesva1-54149

Staffordshire Moorlands

(C.41.1785/2008)

SK07204991

Parish: Waterhouses

Postal Code: ST137RA

LCUK CAULDON WORKS

LCUK Cauldon Works, Staffordshire. Proposed Extension to Shale Quarry, Phase 1. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Dinwiddy, M Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, Report: 63503.03 2008, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The works comprised a total of 12 machine excavated trenches. No archaeological features were encountered during the evaluation and only relatively modern disturbance, in the form of agricultural field drainage systems, were noted. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: no

Stoke-on-Trent

(C.83.1787/2008)

SJ88205000

Parish:

Postal Code: ST6 1RA

HANLEY ROAD, SNEYD GREEN

Archaeological Evaluation at Hanley Road, Sneyd Green, Stoke-on-Trent

Sutherland, Z Hanley : Stoke-on-Trent Archaeology, Report: 232 2008, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stoke-on-Trent Archaeology

The site lay approximately 285m to the south-west of the findspot of two 14th century pottery kilns excavated in the 1950s. No evidence of medieval activity was found during the course of the evaluation. Land drains of 19th and 20th century date were located in three trenches and evidence of ground levelling, probably undertaken during the development of the site in the mid to late-20th century, was identified in all exploratory excavations. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: stokeont2-47083

(C.83.1788/2008)

SJ88584645

Parish:

Postal Code: ST1 3JL

LAND OFF RIDGWAY ROAD, HANLEY

Archaeological Evaluation on Land off Ridgway Road, Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent, Staffordshire

Cramp, R Hanley : Stoke-on-Trent Archaeology, Report: 238 2008, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stoke-on-Trent Archaeology

An evaluation was undertaken on land off Ridgway Road. The site was occupied by a crate-maker's yard during the late-19th century, which was replaced by an electricity generating station in the early 20th century. The evaluation involved the machine excavation of a single trench targeted upon the timber pond of the crate works. No evidence of the pond was found during the course of the evaluation. Large reinforced concrete fragments, probably representative of a partially sunken water storage tank associated with the electricity works, were encountered, suggesting that this structure had destroyed the earlier crate-maker's pond. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: stokeont2-58499

(C.83.1789/2008)

SJ87924448

Parish:

Postal Code: ST4 4EH

VICTORIA PARK

Victoria Park, Stoke-on-Trent: A Palaeoenvironmental Evaluation of Deposits Encountered During Ground Investigations

Hill, T Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeo-Environmental, 2008, 40pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeo-Environmental

A palaeoenvironmental evaluation was undertaken at the former Victoria Ground football ground, Stoke. Deposits of palaeoenvironmental potential were suggested to be present within the site's sedimentary archive due to the identification of a former channel of the River Trent within the site boundaries. A total of 11 window sample boreholes were taken across the site, of which seven were positioned along the route of the palaeochannel. It was concluded that organic-rich silt was likely to have accumulated in a lagoonal backwater floodplain setting of the River Trent. It was unclear when this deposit accumulated however and a suite of palaeoenvironmental assessments were recommended to provide an insight into the landscape conditions that prevailed at the time of deposition. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: birmingh3-43502

Telford & Wrekin

Telford and Wrekin UA

(C.85.1790/2008)

SJ69580433

Parish: Madeley

Postal Code: TF7 5BQ

LAND AT TOWN SQUARE, MADELEY, TELFORD

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Town Square, Madeley, Telford, Shropshire

Baker, S Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, Report: 2008-148 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

No archaeological features were encountered during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID: no

(C.85.1791/2008)

SJ72400960

Parish: St Georges And Priorslee

Postal Code: TF2 9GQ

CASTLE FARM CAMPUS, PRIORSLEE, TELFORD AND WREKIN***Castle Farm Campus, Priorslee, Telford And Wrekin, Shropshire: An Archaeological Evaluation 2008***

Mann, P Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: 1805 2008, 38pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An evaluation was undertaken at the Castle Farm Campus of the University of Wolverhampton. The work was carried out in advance of the proposed development of the site, which was within the boundary of a Scheduled Ancient Monument. Previous work had recorded evidence of a double ditched Iron Age enclosure at the eastern part of the site and this was subsequently destroyed during the construction of Priorslee Lake. It was thought that cropmarks visible on aerial photographs of the present site may be associated with the features previously recorded, perhaps evidence of an annex to the enclosure. Five trial trenches were excavated within the boundary of the SAM, with two of the trenches located to investigate the cropmarks. No archaeological features, deposits or finds were identified. It is possible that the presence of the cropmarks could be explained by variations in the natural geology observed during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: birmingh2-48377

Warwickshire

North Warwickshire

(C.44.1792/2008)

SP30729790

Parish: Atherstone

Postal Code: CV9 1AU

PHOENIX YARD, ATHERSTONE***Phoenix Yard, Atherstone, Warwickshire. Archaeological Evaluation Phase 1***

Mann, P Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology, Report: 02/2009 2009, 36pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a mixed-use development. Residual Roman pottery was recovered from a pit of post-medieval date, suggesting that there may have been some potential for remains of Roman date to be present. A ditch from the mid-13th-mid-14th century was recorded, along with a pit from the 15th-16th century. Other medieval and post-medieval pits and post holes were encountered, as well as early post-medieval sandstone wall foundations. Brick-built cellars were discovered and were thought to date to the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries, and possibly related to industrial applications such as tanning. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, MO, RO

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1793/2008)

SK26420247

Parish: Polesworth

Postal Code: B78 1DU

LAND EAST OF ST. EDITHA'S CHURCHYARD***Archaeological Evaluation of Proposed Graveyard Extension, St. Editha's Church, Polesworth, Warwickshire***

Palmer, N Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0828 2008, 1p, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Evaluation of a proposed graveyard extension on a site at the rear of probable medieval properties was carried out in May 2008. Observation of test pits and four trial trenches revealed no medieval or earlier features or finds. About 80% of the area had been extensively disturbed by open-cast coal mining in the 1950s. [Au]

Serial: **Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork**, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, ,
OASIS ID: no

Nuneaton and Bedworth

(C.44.1794/2008)

SP35808710

Parish: Bedworth

Postal Code: CV12 8PT

LAND OFF CHAPEL STREET, BEDWORTH

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land off Chapel Street, Bedworth, Warwickshire

Harvey, J R Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, Report: 2008-021 2008, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

No archaeological features were encountered during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID: universi1-37853

Rugby

(C.44.1795/2008)

SP48137371

Parish: Dunchurch

Postal Code: CV227JP

25 LAWFORD LANE, BILTON, RUGBY

Archaeological Evaluation at 25 Lawford Lane, Bilton, Rugby, Warwickshire

Palmer, S & Rann, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0868 2008, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Evaluation of the site in advance of development revealed the brick foundation of the southern elevation of a terrace of houses shown on a Tithe map of 1840. A group of post-medieval pits and a gully predated the wall, but no evidence for medieval or earlier activity was encountered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1796/2008)

SP39557101

Parish: Princethorpe

Postal Code: CV239PX

PRINCETHORPE COLLEGE, FORMER ST. MARY'S PRIORY

Princethorpe College, Former St. Mary's Priory

Palmer, N Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2008, 1p, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Investigations on the Round Room, a circular, brick-built burial cloister belonging to St. Mary's Priory, established at Princethorpe in 1833, was undertaken in 2008. Built between 1835 and 1838 to the south-east of the first priory church, to the design of John Russell, a Leamington Spa architect. The cloister comprised an open pointed-arched arcade around a, formerly grassed, garth with a central cross. The building was remodelled in 1842 by J. A. Hansom when a mortuary chapel was added to the church. It was in use for burial of members of the community between 1838 and c. 1910. A radar survey had suggested the presence of radial ground beams across the garth, perhaps belonging to a crypt. Investigation revealed an unusual arrangement of twenty, radial, tapering, brick burial vaults, covered by stone slabs and topsoil. The three vaults opened contained between two and four burials, some in coffins. [Sec(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Serial: **Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork**, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, ,
OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1797/2008)

SP43057650

Parish: Wolston

Postal Code: CV239HA

VICARAGE FARM, COVENTRY ROAD, WOLSTON

Archaeological Evaluation at Vicarage Farm, Coventry Road, Wolston, Warwickshire

Palmer, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0818 2008, 1p, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Evaluation of a proposed manège on a site 150m east of the Fosse Way involving three trial trenches was undertaken in April 2008. It revealed the remains of a Romano-British settlement, probably a small farmstead, indicated by pits, gullies and ditches which contained a small assemblage of pottery. [Sec(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

Serial: **Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork**, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, ,
OASIS ID: no

Stratford-on-Avon

(C.44.1798/2008)

SP08795702

Parish: Alcester

Postal Code: B49 5BP

4 ORCHARD DRIVE

4 Orchard Drive

Greig, I Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2008, 1p, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Observation of foundation trenches for an extension on a site in the south-west of the Roman extra mural settlement in June 2008 revealed only extensive modern disturbance associated with the development of the area in the 1960s. [Sec]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

Serial: **Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork**, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, ,
OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1799/2008)

SP08895735

Parish:

Postal Code: B49 5AG

LAND TO THE REAR OF HSBC BANK, 53 HIGH STREET, ALCESTER***Land to the Rear of HSBC Bank, 53 High Street, Alcester, Warwickshire, Archaeological Borehole Survey***

Ingham, D Bedford : Albion Archaeology, Report: 2008/110 2008, 26pp, colour pls figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Albion Archaeology

The only archaeological remains positively identified during the borehole survey comprised building floors and foundations, a probable cobbled surface, and garden soil all of which were post-medieval. The clays and gravely clays underlying the post-medieval deposits represented a combination of make-up layers and alluvial deposits, the date of which was uncertain. However, if these clays were Roman in date then the potential would have existed for Roman features to have been cut into them. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: albionar1-49417

(C.44.1800/2008)

SP09105745

Parish:

Postal Code: B49 5AJ

NO. 9 CHURCH STREET, ALCESTER***Archaeological Field Evaluation at No. 9 Church Street, Alcester, Warwickshire***

Benchmark Archaeology Sheffield : Benchmark Archaeology, 2008, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Benchmark Archaeology

A programme of archaeological field evaluation was carried out at Helping Hands Homecare. The archaeological work was a condition of planning permission for the construction of a two-storey extension at the site. Trial-trenching comprised the excavation of a single trench within the eastern half of the proposed development. Archaeological features dating to the post-medieval period were encountered at c.1m below the modern ground surface. These features consisted of two pits/post holes of c.17th century date, an undated probable post hole, and a linear cut of 19th century date. These features and deposits were overlain by disturbed deposits, 19th century structural layers, and modern surfacing with a combined depth of c.1m. The 19th century activity almost certainly related to stables and other outbuildings associated with the former Post Office [No. 9 Church Street]. Earlier activity on the site was represented by the recovery of a single unstratified sherd of mid-1st-2nd century AD Roman pottery. The foundation design for the new building was to comprise piles and ground-beams receiving a concrete slab. Piling was scheduled to be carried out around the perimeter of the new building, largely within the footprint of the presumed foundation trenches of No. 9 and No. 10 Church Street. Excavation for the ground beams was not anticipated to exceed 0.65m- 0.75m below the existing ground surface. The evaluation fieldwork established that archaeological deposits appeared to have been truncated by 19th century development depicted on mapping of 1886 and 1905. Based on the results of the evaluation, the remaining unevaluated area to the west of Trench 1 was likely to be more disturbed by the insertion of modern services and the footprint of existing buildings. Given the nature and extent of the proposed foundations, it was unlikely that the proposed development would impact on any deposits of archaeological significance. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, PM

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1801/2008)

SP34755834

Parish: Chesterton and Kingston

Postal Code: CV339LD

GREEN FARM, OLD GATED ROAD***Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Green Farm, Old Gated Road, Chesterton, Warwickshire***

Rann, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0865 2008, 1p, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Evaluation involving two trial trenches on a site south of the shrunken medieval settlement of Greenside in Chesterton Magna revealed only furrows of the medieval/post-medieval ridge and furrow field system and two sherds of 15th-century pottery. [Sec(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MDSerial: ***Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork***, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, , OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1802/2008)

SP15076606

Parish: Henley-in-Arden

Postal Code: B95 5BY

98 HIGH STREET, HENLEY-IN-ARDEN***98 High Street, Henley-in-Arden***

Gethin, B Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2008, 1p, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

An evaluation of a property within the medieval town involved two trial trenches to the rear of a Grade II Listed, early 19th-century (or earlier) house. The earliest datable deposits found were 18th century yard surfaces. A number of walls belonging to outbuildings shown on 19th century maps were also revealed, but the only medieval material recovered was a single 13th/14th century sherd. [Sec(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, PMSerial: ***Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork***, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, , OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1803/2008)

SP15076606

Parish:

Postal Code: B95 5BY

HERRING HOUSE, 98 HIGH STREET, HENLY-IN-ARDEN***Archaeological Evaluation at Herring House, 98 High Street, Henly-in-Arden, Warwickshire***

Gethin, B Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0871 2008, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

The evaluation revealed numerous walls belonging to outbuildings shown on 19th century maps, as well as 18th century yard surfaces. A minimal medieval presence was suggested by a single sherd of 13th-14th century pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1804/2008)

SP22395588

Parish: Stratford-upon-Avon

Postal Code: CV377AY

TIDDINGTON FIELDS, MAIN STREET, TIDDINGTON, STRATFORD-UPON-AVON
Tiddington Fields, Main Street, Tiddington, Stratford-upon-Avon

Palmer, S & Jones, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2008, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

An evaluation involving six trial trenches was undertaken in January 2008 in an area of cropmark ring ditches and pit alignments. The evaluation recorded a single Iron Age pit, an undated pit and gully, evidence of ridge and furrow cultivation and a post-medieval boundary ditch. [Sec(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, UD, PM

Serial: ***Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork***, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, ,
OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1805/2008)

SP13186841

Parish: Ullenhall

Postal Code: B95 5RJ

THREE FIRS, DEAN'S GREEN, ULLENHALL***Archaeological Evaluation and Salvage Recording at Three Firs, Dean's Green, Ullenhall, Warwickshire***

Rann, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0857 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

The evaluation revealed a deposit thought likely to be a ditch fill running along the southern side of the Hobditch Causeway. No dating evidence was recorded. Residual 17th to 20th century pottery sherds were recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, MO

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1806/2008)

SP15335208

Parish: Welford-on-Avon

Postal Code: CV378QD

ORCHARD LODGE, DUCK LANE, WELFORD-ON-AVON***Archaeological Evaluation at Orchard Lodge, Duck Lane, Welford-on-Avon, Warwickshire***

Palmer, S Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0872 2008, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Evaluation on the site revealed a few undated gullies that probably aligned with property boundaries depicted on 19th century maps. Finds from the site were sparse, but included a residual prehistoric flint flake and a small sherd of medieval pottery. No evidence for Roman activity was recorded, despite the site's presence to a known Roman villa. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR, PM

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1807/2008)

SP15196337

Parish: Wootton Wawen

Postal Code: B95 6BD

CHURCH FIELD, ST. PETER'S CHURCH, WOOTEN WAWEN***Archaeological Ground Investigation of Church Field, St. Peter's Church, Wooten Wawen, Warwickshire***

Coutts, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2008, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

An archaeological auger survey and test pit programme was conducted in order to determine the location and depth of a former medieval or post-medieval pond which it was proposed to reinstate in some form. The auger survey was unsuccessful in determining the depth of the pond fill due to its compact and stony nature, but the extent of fill and accompanying landscaping work could be plotted. The test pitting established that the pond had been infilled with up to 1.45m of material. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

Warwick

(C.44.1808/2008)

SP35747172

Parish: Bubbenhall

Postal Code: CV8 3BP

SHUNT HOUSE, LEAMINGTON ROAD***Archaeological Evaluation at Shunt House, Leamington Road, Bubbenhall, Warwickshire***

Palmer, S C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0806 2008, 1pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Evaluation of the site involved a single trial trench in an area of later prehistoric and Roman settlement. No significant archaeological remains were discovered. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1809/2008)

SP28077233

Parish: Kenilworth

Postal Code: CV8 1NB

35 CASTLE HILL, KENILWORTH***Archaeological Evaluation at 35 Castle Hill, Kenilworth, Warwickshire***

Rann, C & Thompson, P Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0913 2008, 1p

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

An evaluation involving two trial trenches was undertaken in on a site to the east of the castle and north-west of the abbey precinct proposed for residential development. The evaluation revealed evidence of activity on the site from the 13th to the 17th centuries. This included the remains of possible wall foundations and floor surfaces and a stone-lined pit or trough with 13th century pottery. Several pits and ditches were also revealed which may have belonged to a phase of 15th or 16th century activity on the site. [Sec(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Serial: ***Warwickshire Archaeology in 2008, Summary Reports on Fieldwork***, Warwickshire Museum Field Archaeology Projects Group, ,

OASIS ID: no

(C.44.1810/2008)

SP28467237

Parish:

Postal Code: CV8 1LY

KENILWORTH ABBEY GATEHOUSE***Archaeological Excavation of a Test-Pit at Kenilworth Abbey Gatehouse, Kenilworth Abbey, Warwickshire***

Coutts, C & Rann, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, Report: 0870 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

It was intended that the former doorway on the north side of Kenilworth Abbey be opened up and a new door inserted. Excavation of a 1m square test pit outside the door revealed the door threshold overlain by 0.42m of soil. Residual fragments of glazed medieval floor tile were removed from the overlying soil. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID: no

Worcestershire

Bromsgrove

(C.93.1811/2008)

SO99956536

Parish: Bentley Pauncefoot

Postal Code: B97 5TD

LAND AT BENTLEY MANOR, UPPER BENTLEY***Land at Bentley Manor, Upper Bentley, Worcestershire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Adam, N J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, Report: 08121 2008, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Evaluation at the site identified the remains of the former manor house and associated stable block. The manor house was found to have been vigorously demolished with the whole site being truncated to the top of the natural substrate. Two former cellars were exposed, each filled with rubble derived from the demolition of Bentley Manor. A third trench to the north of the house failed to identify evidence of the former garden features that were known to have once existed. Four shallow and broadly parallel drainage features, dating from the late-19th century, were identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: cotswold2-45766

(C.93.1812/2008)

SO95317194

Parish: Bromsgrove

Postal Code: B61 8SW

PERRYFIELDS ROAD, BROMSGROVE***Perryfields Road, Bromsgrove, Worcestershire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Joyce, S Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, Report: 08218 2008, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in October 2008. Twenty one trenches were excavated. One field boundary ditch dating to the post-medieval period was identified within

three trenches. Evidence of modern farming activity was shown by the presence of a furrow in two trenches. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM
OASIS ID: cotswold2-50319

Malvern Hills

(C.93.1813/2008)

SO83086235

Parish: Holt

Postal Code: WR6 6NJ

CASTLE FARM, HOLT

An Archaeological Project at Castle Farm, Holt, Worcestershire

Mercian Archaeology and Historic Buildings Worcester : Mercian Archaeology and Historic Buildings, Report: PJ221 2008, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Mercian Archaeology and Historic Buildings

An evaluation was carried out and revealed very little in the way of archaeological remains. Medieval ridge and furrow was located, and proved to be the only feature of interest. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD
OASIS ID: no

Worcester

(C.93.1814/2008)

SO87305430

Parish: Whittington

Postal Code: WR5 1JX

TRENCH 20, AREA A, SEVERN STREET, ROYAL WORCESTER PORCELAIN, WORCESTER

Trench 20, Area A, Severn Street, Royal Worcester Porcelain, Worcester. An Archaeological Evaluation

Weale, A Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, Report: 04/65h 2008, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation trench was excavated in response to proposals to redevelop the site for a hotel complex and residential apartments. The trench revealed modern truncation and remnants of a late-19th-century building, but did show that beneath an undated buried subsoil, a Roman gully survived. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO
OASIS ID: no

Wychavon

(C.93.1815/2008)

SP05284241

Parish: Evesham

Postal Code: WR117RW

LONGDON HILL, BROADWAY ROAD, WICKHAMFORD

Archaeological Evaluation at Longdon Hill, Broadway Road, Wickhamford, Worcestershire

Vaughan, T & Daffern, N Worcester : Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, Report: 1653 2008, 38pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service

The evaluation revealed extensive medieval ridge and furrow, and a small number of undated irregular pits and post holes. Two possible pits contained frequent charcoal and fire-cracked stones. It was unclear which period they were from. A single residual quartzite Neolithic leaf-shaped arrowhead was recovered from a furrow, and was of local significance due to its rarity. No other significant archaeological features were encountered during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: WSM39886
Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, NE
OASIS ID: fieldsec1-66237

(C.93.1816/2008)

SP04074356

Parish:

Postal Code: WR111BT

PARK VIEW HOTEL, WATERSIDE, EVESHAM

Park View Hotel, Waterside, Evesham, Worcestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Cook, SPebworth : 110 Archaeology, 2008, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: 110 Archaeology

Two machine-excavated trenches were cut in advance of a residential development. Two parallel ditches may have represented a double-ditched feature, probably a tenement boundary from the 13th-14th century. Laying next to this feature was a former structure, identified through the remains of a horizontal foundation and large post hole, probably constructed at some time between the 15th and 17th centuries. A contemporary ditch and wall were also recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD
OASIS ID: no

(C.93.1817/2008)

SO91856315

Parish: Hanbury

Postal Code: WR9 7DU

WESTFIELDS FARM, DROITWICH

Westfields Farm, Droitwich, Worcestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Wright, N Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, Report: 08179 2008, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The evaluation identified a ditch, probably dating to the Roman period, together with a number of post-medieval and undated features. The post-medieval remains represented the remains of ridge and furrow earthworks together with the remains of activity, possibly associated with the construction of a canal. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO, UD
OASIS ID: no

(C.93.1818/2008)

SO84227227

Parish: Hartlebury

Postal Code: DY117SD

LAND AT HODGKISS FIELD, CHARLTON LANE, TORTON

Archaeological Works at Land at Hodgkiss Field, Charlton Lane, Torton, Near Hartlebury, Worcestershire

Napthan, M Worcester : Mike Napthan Archaeology, 2008, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Mike Napthan Archaeology

The evaluation proved to have almost entirely negative results, producing only a flint scraper and undiagnostic flint flake, probably casual losses of the Neolithic period. The development appeared very unlikely to impact upon buried remains. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: WSM38552

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(C.93.1819/2008)

SP01465808

Parish: Inkberrow

Postal Code: WR7 4HL

SANDS ROAD, INKBERROW

Archaeological Evaluation at Sands Road, Inkberrow, Worcestershire

Simmonds, M Worcester : Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, Report: 1649 2008, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service

No archaeological remains were encountered during the watching brief. [Au(adb)]

SMR primary record number: WSM39897

OASIS ID: fieldsec1-66107

(C.93.1820/2008)

SO94534598

Parish: Pershore

Postal Code: WR101DL

FORMER CHASE HEATING SITE, HEAD SITE

Evaluation at the Former Chase Heating Site, Head Street, Pershore, Worcestershire

Cook, M Worcester : Martin Cook, Report: WSM 38543 2008, 15pp, tabs, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Martin Cook

An evaluation was undertaken at the former Chase Heating site, Head Street, Pershore. It identified a few late-19th or early 20th century deposits which had been heavily truncated after World War II during the construction of the Chase Heating buildings. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: no